9. וַיִּזְכּר יוֹסֵף אֵת הַחֲלוֹמוֹת אֲשֶׁר חָלַם לָהֶם JOSEPH RECALLED THE DREAMS THAT HE HAD DREAMED ABOUT THEM

[Ramban cites Rashi's comment on this phrase:]

לָהֶם – עֵלֵיהֶם here means "about them," although לֶּהֶם literally means "to them" or "for them." ליָהם הְשְׁתַּחְוּוּ לו – And, upon recalling the dreams, he realized that they were now fulfilled, for indeed they had bowed to him, as foreseen in the dreams.

The above is a quote from Rashi.

[Ramban takes issue with Rashi's interpretation:]

ולְפִי דַעְתִּי שֻׁחַדְּכֵר בְּהֶפַּף – In my opinion, however, the matter is exactly the opposite. כי יאמר הַבְּתוֹב בִּי בַרְאוֹת וּוֹסֶף אַת אַחָיו משׁתחוים לו – For Scripture is saying that when Joseph saw his וַנֶר בָּל הַחַלוֹמוֹת אֲשֵׁר חָלַם לָהָם, וְיָרֵע שֶׁלֹא נִתְקַיֵם אֶחָר מֵהֶם בַּפַּעם הַזֹּאת he brothers bowing to him, remembered all the dreams that he had dreamed about them and he knew that not even one of רוֹנֶם בִּי יוֹדֵעַ בִּפְתִרוֹנָם בִּי בָּל אָחֵיו יִשְׁתַחֵווּ לוֹ בִּתְחַלָּה – For [the dreams] was yet fulfilled at of this time. he knew, based on [the dreams'] interpretation, that all his brothers would bow to him מן הַחֵלוֹם הָרָאשׁוֹן ״וְהְגַּה אֲנַחְנוּ מְאַלְמִים – as was evident from the first dream, of which it is written, Behold, we were binding sheaves ... and your sheaves ... bowed down to my קּנִי ״אֲנַחְנוּ״ יִרְמוֹ לְכָל אֶחָיו, אַחַד עָשֶׂר – for the word we alludes to all eleven of sheaf (above, 37:7), יפַעָם שֵנִית יִשְׁתַּחֵווּ לוֹ הַשֶּׁמֶש וְהַיָּרֵח וְאַחַר עָשֶׂר כּוֹכָבִים מִן הַחֲלוֹם הַשֵּׁנִי – And the second his brothers. time, his father with his household and all his eleven brothers, as represented by the sun and the moon and eleven stars, would bow to him, as was evident from the second dream (above, בּנְיָמֵן עְמָהֵם – And since [Joseph] did not see Benjamin with them, thus preventing the complete fulfillment of even the first dream, חַשַב זאת הַתַּחָבּוּלַה שַיַעַליל עַלִיהָם, כּדי ה אַלִיו אָחָיו אָלָיו – he devised this scheme, namely, that he would level a false accusation against them, so that they would bring his brother Benjamin to him as well, – וְעַל בָּן לֹא רָצָה לְהַגִּיד לַהֵם ״אֵנִי יוֹסֶף אֵחִיכֶם״ הַחְלוֹם הָרְאשׁוֹן תִּחְלֵּה – to fulfill the first dream first.30 This is why he did not want to tell them immediately, "I am Joseph your brother," ם הַשְּׁנַיָח הַעָּגָלוֹת בֵּאֲשֵׁר עָשָׂה בַּפַּעַם הַשְׁנַיָח – and say, "Hurry, go up to my father," and

send the wagons to him, as he did the second time they came to him (below, Chap. 45). בָּי הָיָה האַ הְיַבְּי בְּלֹא הָבֶּי בְּלֹא הָבֶּי בְּלֹא הָבֶּי בְּלֹא הָבֶּי בְּלֹא הָבֶּי בְּלֹא הָבָּי בְּלֹא הָבִי בְּלִא הָבִי בְּלִא הָבִי בְּלִא הָבִי בְּלִא הָבְי בְּלִא הָבְי בְּבְּלִים הָחֲלוֹם הָשְׁנִי – But after the first dream was fulfilled, [Joseph] told [his brothers] all these things in order to fulfill the second dream by bringing Jacob to Egypt.³²

[With this understanding,33 Ramban resolves another difficulty with our narrative:]

ווא אָבִין אָת אָבִין אַרָּאָר אָר אָרָא אָבִין - Were this not so, Joseph would have been committing a great sin in causing grief to his father, וְאַבֶּל עַל שִּמְעוֹן - keeping him in bereavement and mourning over Simeon34 and over himself. וְאַרָּאָר אָב אַר אָבין - keeping him in bereavement and mourning over Simeon34 and over himself. וְאָרָא אָבין - And even if you would say that his desire was to pain his brothers a little for what they had done to him,35 how could he not have pity on his father's suffering in old age? אַבָּל אָת הַבּל עָשֶׁה וָפָה בְעָתוֹ לְּלֵיֵם הַחֲלוֹמוֹת, בִּי יָדֵע שֶּיִתְכִּוֹמוֹ בְּאֶׁמֶת הַבּל עָשֶׁה וָפָה בְעָתוֹ לְלַכִּים הַחֲלוֹמוֹת, בִּי יַדַע שֶּיִתְכִּוֹמוֹ בְּאֶׁמֶת הַבל עָשֶׁה וָפָה בְעָתוֹ לְלָכִים הַחֲלוֹמוֹת, בִּי יַדַע שֶּיִתְכִּוֹמוֹ בְּאֶמֶת well in its proper time"36 in order to fulfill the dreams, for he knew that they would surely be fulfilled.37

Rumban Cirarkur

(2)

אוי לְנוּ בִּרְדְּלָא אָנוּי – Abba Kohen Bardela said: אוֹי לְנוּ מִיוֹם הַתּוֹכוְוּי – Woe to us from the day of judgment, woe to us from the day of rebuke. בּלְעָם חָכָם שֶּל – Balaam, the wise man – הַנּוּיִם לֹא יָבוֹל לַעֲמוֹר בְּתוֹבַחְהָּה שֶׁל אָחוֹוּ – Balaam, the wise man of the idolaters, could not withstand his she-donkey's rebuke; הוֹי דְּבָתִיב ״הָּהָסְבֶּן הִסְבְּנְתִּי לַעֲשׁוֹת לְךְ בֹּה וַיֹּאמֶר לֹּה שִׁיוֹנ – thus it is written, "... Have I been accustomed to do such a thing to יוֹיְם שְּׁבְּעִים שְׁלַשְׁבְּים שְׁבְּעִים — Joseph was the youngest of the progenitors of the Tribes, and yet [his brothers] could not

withstand his rebuke, הָרָת יוְלֹא יָכְלוּ אֶחָיו לַעֲנוֹת הוא דְכְתִיב ייִןלֹא יָכְלוּ אֶחָיו לַעֲנוֹת הוא דְכְתִיב הוּ יִּיְלְא יָכְלוּ אֶחָיו לַעֲנוֹת הוּ הוֹא דְכְתְילוּ מִפְנְיוֹי הוֹא הוּא דְכְתְילוּ מִפְנְיוֹי הוֹא הוּא דְכִינְתְ בְּל אֶחָד וְאָחָר לְפִּי מֵה הוֹא וְיוֹכִיחַ בְּל אֶחָד וְאָחָר לְפִּי מֵה שׁהוֹא עַרְבָּה הוֹא וְיוֹכִיחַ בְּל אֶחָד וְאָחָר לְפִּי מֵה שׁהוֹא — When the Holy One, blessed is He, will come and rebuke each and every one according to what he is, הוֹא שֶׁנְאֲמֵר הוֹא שְׁנְאֲמֶר הוֹץ הוֹא בֹּלְינְיְנְיִךְי הוֹא לְעִינְיִךְי הוֹץ וְאָעֶרְכָה לְעִינְיִךְי הוֹץ אַחָר בְּהָה לְעִינְיִךְי הוֹץ אַחָר בְּהָה לְעִינְיִרְי – as it states, I will rebuke you and lay it clearly before your eyes! (Psalms 50:21), שְׁלָּאַחָ – how much more so will we not be able to withstand His rebuke!